UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 8

999 18th STREET - SUITE 300 DENVER, COLORADO 80202-2466

Ref: 8ENF-W

APR 2 0 2006

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Teton County Commissioners c/o Larry Jorgenson, Chair POB 3594 Jackson, WY 83001

> Re: Notice of Safe Drinking Water Act Enforcement Action against the Elk Refuge Inn (Grand Teton Reservations, LLC), PWS ID 5600999

Dear County Commissioners:

Pursuant to Section 1414(a)(2)(B) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is required to notify an appropriate locally elected official of certain enforcement actions taken in a State that does not have primary enforcement authority for public water systems. The State of Wyoming does not have primary enforcement authority for public water systems under the SDWA.

An Administrative Order is being issued under Section 1414 of the SDWA to Grand Teton Reservations, LLC ("LLC") as owner of the Elk Refuge Inn, Jackson, Wyoming. This Order requires that the public water system take measures to return to compliance with the SDWA and the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations. The LLC is in violation of 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.21(a) and 141.21(g)(2) for failing to monitor for total coliform and for failing to report SDWA violations to EPA.

A copy of the Order is enclosed for your information. The Order does not require any response or action by the County Commission. If you have any questions regarding this Order, please contact Kathelene Brainich at (303) 312-6481.

Sincerely,

Diane L. Sipe, Director

Technical Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance

and Environmental Justice

Enclosure

Printed on Recycled Paper

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



REGION 8

999 18th STREET - SUITE 300 DENVER, COLORADO 80202-2466 http://www.epa.gov/region08

Ref: 8ENF-W

APR 2 0 2006

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Ronald L. Miller, Registered Agent Grand Teton Reservations, LLC POB 12739 Jackson, WY 83002

Re: Administrative Order

Docket No. sDWA-08-2006-0026

PWS ID #5600999-Elk Refuge Inn

Dear Mr. Miller:

Enclosed you will find an Administrative Order (Order), which the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued under the authority of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), 42 U.S.C. Section 300f et seq., and its implementing regulations. Among other things, the Administrative Order finds that Grand Teton Reservations, LLC ("LLC") is a supplier of water as defined by the SDWA and that the LLC has violated the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (NPDWRs) at 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.21(a) and 141.21(g)(2) for failing to monitor for total coliform at the Elk Refuge Inn and for failing to report SDWA violations to EPA.

If the LLC complies with the enclosed Order for a period of at least twelve months, EPA may choose to close the Order. Violating the enclosed Order may lead to (1) a penalty of up to \$32,500 per day of violation of the Order, (2) a separate such penalty for violating the regulations themselves, and/or (3) a court injunction ordering compliance.

While public notice for the monitoring violations in the Order are not past due, to remain in compliance with the SDWA public notice of the violations must be completed by June 2006. Attached is a public notice template to assist you in completing the notice.

Also enclosed is a Small Business Regulatory Enforcement and Fairness Act (SBREFA) Section 22 information sheet. The SBREFA sheet notifies small businesses of their right to comment on regulatory enforcement activities, and provides information on compliance assistance. Dissemination of this information sheet does not constitute an admission or determination by EPA that the business, organization or governmental jurisdiction is a small

entity as defined by SBREFA. A brochure entitled "Funding Options for Privately-Owned Public Water Systems in Wyoming" is also enclosed.

Please note that the effective date of the enclosed Order is the date of issuance. Within the next 10 days, please provide EPA with any new information that you believe the Agency is not aware of relating to the alleged violations in the Order. The information should be sent to Kathelene Brainich at the address on the letterhead and include the mailcode 8ENF-W, or call (800) 227-8917, extension 6481 or (303) 312-6481. If you wish to have in informal conference with EPA, you may also call or write Ms. Brainich. If you are represented by an attorney, please ask your attorney to direct any legal questions to Marc Weiner, Enforcement Attorney, at the above 800 number, extension 6913, or at (303) 312-6913.

We urge your prompt attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Diane L. Sipe, Director
Technical Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance
and Environmental Justice

Enclosures
Order
SBREFA
Funding Brochure

cc: WY DEQ (via email)
WY DOH (via email)

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 8 7006 AP

2006 APR 20 AM 10: 42

IN THE MATTER OF

Grand Teton Reservations, LLC Elk Refuge Inn Jackson, Wyoming

Respondent

Proceedings under Section 1414(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g)

EPA REGION VIII HEARING CLERK

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER

Docket No. SDWA-08-2006-0026

The following Findings are made and Order issued under the authority vested in the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by Section 1414(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (the Act), 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g), and its implementing regulations, as properly delegated to the Supervisors of the Technical and Legal Enforcement Programs of the Office of Enforcement, Compliance and Environmental Justice, EPA Region 8.

FINDINGS

- 1. Grand Teton Reservations, LLC (Respondent) is a corporation under the laws of the State of Wyoming as of June 23, 1997 and is therefore a "person" within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 141.2.
- 2. Respondent owns and/or operates a system, the Elk
 Refuge Inn Water System (the System), located in Teton
 County, Wyoming for the provision to the public of
 piped water for human consumption.
- 3. The System has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals

Elk Refuge Inn Page 2 of 5

daily at least 60 days out of the year and is therefore a "public water system" within the meaning of Section 1401(4) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f(4), and a "non-community water system" within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 141.2.

- A. Respondent owns and/or operates a public water system and is therefore a "supplier of water" within the meaning of Section 1401(5) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f(5), and 40 C.F.R. § 141.2. Respondent is therefore subject to the requirements of Part B of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g et seq., and its implementing regulations, 40 C.F.R. part 141, also known as the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (NPDWRs).
- 5. According to a July 9, 2002 sanitary survey by an agent for EPA, the System is supplied by a groundwater source consisting of one well with no treatment. The System serves approximately 66 persons per day through 1 service connection and is operational all year.

FINDINGS OF VIOLATION

I.

1. 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(a) requires any non-community public water system with an average daily population of less than 1,001 and having a groundwater source to monitor its water at least once per quarter to determine

Elk Refuge Inn Page 3 of 5

- compliance with the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for total coliform bacteria as stated in 40 C.F.R. § 141.63.
- 2. Respondent failed to monitor the System's water for contamination by total coliform bacteria during the 2nd (April-June) and 4th (October-December) quarters of 2005, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(a).

II.

- 1. 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(2) requires any public water system that has failed to comply with a coliform monitoring requirement under 40 C.F.R. § 141.21 to report the violation to EPA within ten days after the system discovers the violation.
- 2. Respondent failed to report to EPA the noncompliance detailed in Section I, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(2).

ORDER

Based on the foregoing Findings, and pursuant to Section 1414(g) of the Act, IT IS ORDERED:

1. Upon the effective date of this Order, Respondent shall comply with the requirement of 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(a) to perform quarterly bacteriological monitoring.

Respondent shall report analytical results to EPA within the first 10 days of the end of the monitoring period, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(a).

Elk Refuge Inn Page 4 of 5

- 2. Upon the effective date of this Order, Respondent shall comply with 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(2) by reporting any failure to comply with coliform monitoring requirements under 40 C.F.R. § 141.21 to EPA within ten days after Respondent discovers the violation.
- 3. Reporting requirements specified in this Order shall be provided by certified mail to:

U.S. EPA Region 8 (8P-W-DW) 999 18th Street, Suite 300 Denver, CO 80202-2466

GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 1. This Order does not constitute a waiver, suspension, or modification of the requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 141.1 et seq., or the Safe Drinking Water Act, which remain in full force and effect. Issuance of this Order is not an election by EPA to forgo any civil or criminal action otherwise authorized under the Act.
- Violation of any term of this Order may subject the Respondent to an administrative civil penalty of up to \$27,500 under Section 1414(g)(3)(B) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g)(3)(B), or a civil penalty of not more than \$32,500 per day of violation assessed by an appropriate U.S. District Court under Section 1414(g)(3)(C) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g)(3)(C).

Elk Refuge Inn Page 5 of 5

- Violation of any requirement of the SDWA or its implementing regulations may subject Respondent to a civil penalty of not more than \$32,500 per day of violation assessed by an appropriate U.S. District Court under Section 1414(b) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(b).
- 4. The effective date of this Order shall be the date of issuance of this Order.

Issued this 20th day of april , 2006.

Michael T. Righer, Director
David J. Janik, Supervisory Attorney
Legal Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance
and Environmental Justice

Diane L. Sipe, Director
Technical Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance
and Environmental Justice

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER ELK REFUGE INN Monitoring Requirements Not Met

Our water system had violated several drinking water standards. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During 2005 we did not complete all monitoring or testing for bacteriological quality and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time.

What should I do? There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminants we did not properly test for during the last year, how often we are supposed to sample for these contaminants and how many samples we are supposed to take, how many we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date when the situation was corrected.

Contaminant	Required sampling frequency	Number of samples taken	When all samples should have been taken	When samples were or will be taken
bacteriological	quarterly	0	2 nd and 4 th quarters of 2005	1 st and 3 rd quarters of 2005

What happened? What is being done?

Will sample as required in future.

Call Diana Joy at 307-733-4969 if you have questions.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water. You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail. Note: send copy to EPA after public notice is complete with the date distributed and signature.

Instructions for Monitoring Violations Annual Notice--Template 3-1

Template on Reverse

Since most monitoring violations are included in Tier 3, you must provide public notice to persons served within one year after you learn of the violation (141.204(b)). Multiple monitoring violations can be serious, and your primacy agency may have more stringent requirements. Check with your primacy agency to make sure you meet its requirements.

Community systems must use one of the following (141.204(c)):

- Hand or direct delivery
- Mail, as a separate notice or included with the bill

Non-community systems must use one of the following (141.204(c)):

- Posting in conspicuous locations
- Hand delivery
- Mail

In addition, both community and non-community systems must use *another* method reasonably calculated to reach others if they would not be reached by the first method (141.204(c)). Such methods could include newspapers, e-mail, or delivery to community organizations. If you post the notice, it must remain posted until the violation is resolved. If the violation has been resolved, you must post the notice for at least one week (141.204(b)). If you mail, post, or hand deliver, print your notice on letterhead, if available.

The notice on the reverse is appropriate for insertion in an annual notice or the CCR, as long as public notification timing and delivery requirements are met (141.204(d)). You may need to modify the template for a notice for individual monitoring violations. This example presents violations in a table; however, you may write out an explanation for each violation if you wish. For any monitoring violation for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or other groups, you may list the group name in the table, but you must provide the name of every chemical in the group on the notice, e.g., in a footnote.

You may need to modify the notice if you had any monitoring violations for which monitoring later showed a maximum contaminant level or other violation. In such cases, you should refer to the public notice you issued at that time.

Include in your notice the standard language for monitoring and testing procedure violations in *italics* (141.205(d)(2)). If you modify the notice, you may not alter this mandatory language.

Corrective Actions

In your notice, describe corrective actions you took or are taking. Listed below are some steps commonly taken by water systems with monitoring violations. Choose the appropriate language, or develop your own:

- We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The samples showed we are meeting drinking water standards.
- We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The sample for [contaminant] exceeded the limit. [Describe corrective action; use information from public notice prepared for violating the limit.]
- We plan to take the required samples soon, as described in the last column of the table above.

After Issuing the Notice

Make sure to send your primacy agency a copy of each type of notice and a certification that you have met all the public notice requirements within ten days after issuing the notice (141.31(d)).

WYOMING WATER/WASTEWATER TASK FORCE

Governor Jim Geringer established the

Wyoming Water/Wastewater Task

Force in 2001 as an interagency effort

to reduce the likelihood of waterborne

disease outbreaks in Wyoming. Govern

ment agencies represented on the Task

Force include the Wyoming Department

of Agriculture, Wyoming Department of

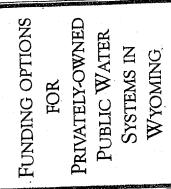
Health, Wyoming Department of Envi-

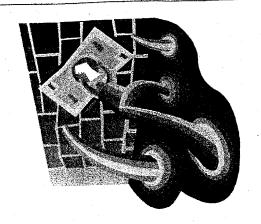
ronmental Quality, several county

health departments, and the U.S.

Environmental Protection Agency.









Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance

INFORMATION SHEET

U. S. EPA Small Business Resources

If you own a small business, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) offers a variety of compliance assistance and tools to assist you in complying with federal and state environmental laws. These resources can help you understand your environmental obligations, improve compliance and find cost-effective ways to comply through the use of pollution prevention and other innovative technologies.

Hotlines, Helplines and Clearinghouses

EPA sponsors approximately 89 free hotlines and clearinghouses that provide convenient assistance regarding environmental requirements.

The National Environmental Compliance Assistance Clearinghouse provides quick access to compliance assistance tools, contacts, and planned activities from the U.S. EPA, states, and other compliance assistance providers: www.epa.gov/clearinghouse

Pollution Prevention Clearinghouse www.epa.gov/opptintr/library/ppicindex.htm

EPA's Small Business Ombudsman Hotline provides regulatory and technical assistance information. (800) 368-5888

Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (800) 424-9346

National Response Center (to report oil and hazardous substance spills) (800) 424-8802

Toxics Substances and Asbestos information (202) 554-1404

Safe Drinking Water (800) 426-4791

Stratospheric Ozone Refrigerants Information (800) 296-1996

Clean Air Technology Center (919) 541-0800

Wetlands Helpline (800) 832-7828

EPA Websites

EPA has several Internet sites that provide useful compliance assistance information and materials for small businesses. If you don't have access to the Internet at your business, many public libraries provide access to the Internet at minimal or no cost.

EPA's Home Page www.epa.gov

Small Business Assistance Program www.epa.gov/ttn/sbap

Compliance Assistance Home Page www.epa.gov/compliance/assistance

Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance www.epa.gov/compliance

Small Business Ombudsman www.epa.gov/sbo

Innovative Programs for Environmental Performance www.epa.gov/partners